# The Bethel Courier.

Dr Mason

A Weekly Family Newspaper, Neutral in Politics, devoted to Literature Agriculture, Education, the Mechanic Arts, and the News of the Day.

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The Bethel Courier.

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For the Courier.

### BETHEL FARMER'S CLUB.

The Farmer's Club met at the house of Capt. S. H. Chapman, Wednesday, Dec. 26th. President Brown in the chair. Subject for discussion, "What is the best breed for milch cows."

The Secretary noticed the several breeds we have among us, the Devon, Durham and Hereford, more of the grade Devon, and some are very good milkers. The yield is not large, but of good quality—thought there were many good cows among the native cattle, and could be made better were more attention paid to the feed of animals. The Ayrshire breed are spoken very highly of as good milkers.

Mr. Heywood preferred a native crossed with the Durham. The best cow he ever owned was of the native breed, and did not possess hardly any of what are considered good points of a cow—thought there was more difference in the management of cows than the breed. Heifers from superior cows are not al ways as good as the cow. In breeding for good cows the male should be from a good cow.

Mr. Merrill, once owned a blood Durham that was a good milker—usually had the native breed. Mr. Burnham had very good success with native cows—has a grade Devon that is a fair cow. Mr. Russell remarked that he had recently purchased two grade Hereford cows, but had not tested their milking properties.

Mr. S. H. Chapman preferred the native cows. Boys should not be allowed to milk when small, the cow should be kept as gentle as possible, milk at regular periods and draw the milk quickly.

Mr. Jas. Grover had usually had the native cows—thought steady milkers preferable.

Mr. T. Barker thought that pumpkins, when cooked and fed to cows, increased both quantity and quality of milk.

Mr. D. F. Brown thought, that all things considered, the native crossed with the Devon would be preferable. Cows should be kept well to get a return. Had found Indian meal to be the best feed. Potatoes will cause a large flow of milk, while carrots produce the richest quality.

Mr. Gilman Chapman preferred the Devon. The quantity was less, to be sure, but was of a rich quality, and he was not troubled with so many milk-pails. The question came up as to the weight of rich and ordinary milk—the poorer the milk the more it will weigh.

Dr Fanning thought the grade Devon preferable for this section. Good cows were frequently ordinary looking animals. Would have a cow with small head and dark yellow skin.

Dr. True was hardly satisfied with either of the breeds among us. Our pastures are not good enough to support the Durham, the Devon did not give enough in quantity; thought favorably of the latter for beef; should prefer the native breed.

The President remarked that he had two cows of the breed which Dr. Mason brought into this town several years since. They were of the native breed, and almost invariably had been good cows. Considered a cow as good at ten years old, as ever, probably the best from 6 to 12. B.

WEDNESDAY Evening, Jan., 2, 1860.

The club assembled according to adjournment, at the house of Mr. Abner Davis, on Wednesday evening. Upon call of the President the congregation came to order and listened. Question for discussion, "best arrangement for farm buildings."

Mr. Holt thought it best for a man to build within his means. Mr. Heywood went for something that would answer for the present. Mr. Twitchell said it depended upon where he built. If he built on *"the flat,"* would cover with brick or slate; thought Downings Architecture would not do here.

Mr. John Barker believed different locations required different arrangements.

Mr. Amos Merrill said, "dry question, most economical would be a log house."

Mr. Gilman Chapman would have hog houses with stone floors, to prevent rooting. Barns with cellars—the old fashioned stanchions or bows—never a chain, for they are apt to be broken. A second cellar under the first to catch liquid manure. For himself, unconnected buildings; would not have barns too warm.

Mr. Mighill Mason's "other house" was so well arranged, although called a shed and only 15 ft. square, as to be an Egypt in the spring whence people got their seed grain.

Dr. Fanning would have a large, tight barn. Instead of cement, would use clay for cellar bottoms.

The President said, a tight barn with cellar or shed. Shed sometimes preferrable. A house for comfort, rather than for style.

Question adopted for next meeting: "If this county should ever take a high stand in agricultural products, what must it be, and how attained."

Dr. Fanning then laid before the club the result of his experiments concerning the economy of various articles used for light among us. Fluid stands in point of expense far above kerosene or candles. Candles are cheapest and give the least light, while kerosene costs but little more and gives a vastly superior light.

The club then adjourned to meet in one week with Brother Adams Twitchell.

Thoughtfully, *Pro Tem.*

For the Courier.

### Debating Clubs.

Reading makes a full man, writing makes a correct man, but conversation makes a ready man." Somebody has said, and wisely, "In my opinion, no single form of literary exercise has ever been introduced among the common people, that has told with greater effect, enlarging the ideas, strengthening the confidence, and deepening the thoughts of the old men, and more especially of the young men, who participated in them, than that order of literary societies instituted by Ben. Franklin, in Philisdelphia, in the year 1726, the first of which was known as the "junto," a DEBATING CLUB, in which was discussed various questions in morals, politics, and natural philosophy." Philosopher Ben. then started a wave whose vibrations have since been widening and deepening until they have nearly reached the outer circle. The smallest hamlet in the land has its literary association, or debating club, in which, among other exercises, there are discussions upon a variety of questions, ranging from the simplest to the most obtuse and thought provoking.

These myriad associations scattered broadcast, are the play-grounds wherein the mind may take well-timed and healthful exercise, expand and grow strong, joining at times, in the gleesome sport of a word-chase, or engaging in the manly wrestle for intellectual supremacy.

"They are the grounds, the books, the academies,
From whence doth spring the time Promethean fire."

The influence that goes out from these unpretending schools, is felt all around the land. The young men trained to think and speak here, go out to their places in the community, ready to act. In the moral or political world they labor, and the works of master hands are seen. They walk in high places, and sway the destinies of nations. Ask them to impart the secret of their success and they will point you to the humble club-room wherein the yielding twig was bent, where the noble mind first learned to think and speak.

Read the names of a few taken from the hosts of brilliant men, who have become justly celebrated as writers and speakers. Franklin, Pitt, Scott, Burke, Sheridan, Curran, Brougham, Clay, and Webster, with their thousands of compeers, men whose matchless eloquence has thrilled the world: men whose breathing thoughts will live while time shall last, as monuments to their greatness. *They* all learned their first lesson of greatness in these humble club-rooms.

Young man, is not the record a bright one? It is. Make it your first business, then, to connect yourself with a well conducted literary association: become not only a member, but a *working* member. You may not become a Walter Scott or a Daniel Webster, but depend upon it, much good will come to you from this one prolific source. B.

For the Courier.

### Letter from Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 1, 1861.

DEAR COURIER:—I believe I left the Capitol, at the Rotunda. At any rate, I will commence there. As I think I before said, the walls of that spacious hall are devoted to paintings and bas reliefs, of historical subjects. The large paintings are eight in number. Four of them were painted by Trumbull, one by Powell, one by Weir, one by Vanderlyn and one by Chapman. Col. Trumbull (a son of the first Gov. Trumbull, of Lebanon, Conn.) was an aid-de-camp of Gen. Washington, in the first year of the Revolution, and in 1776 Deputy Adjutant General of the Northern department, under Gen. Gates. Shortly after the Revolution he devoted himself to the study of painting, and being well acquainted with nearly all the officers in the Army, he had the best of opportunity, to obtain their portraits, for his great paintings. But it was not until 1816, that Congress authorized the four paintings by him that are now in the Rotunda.—The first great picture on the right hand, as we enter the Capitol from the west front, is the "Surrender of Burgoyne," 7th October, 1777. This represents Gen. Burgoyne with Gen. Phillips, and followed by other officers, drawing near the tent of Gen. Gates. Gen. Gates has advanced a few steps to meet his prisoner, who with Gen. Phillips has dismounted, and is offering his sword, but Gates declines to receive it, and invites them to enter and partake of refreshments.—"Fish Creek" and "North River" are seen in the distance. Troops are crossing the meadows. Officers on horseback precede the head of the column, and follow the dismounted Generals. The next picture is the "Signing of the Declaration of Independence," also by Trumbull, who spared neither labor nor expense to give correct likenesses of the great men assembled on this occasion. The room is copied from that in which Congress then, held its sessions (though the background is embellished with military trophies, which were not in the original.) The whole scene is most impressive.—Between this and the next, is the door leading to the Hall of Rep's. Next comes the "Baptism of Pocahontas" by J. G. Chapman. It represents a beautiful incident in the life of one, whose history will always be interesting to our countrymen, and who is said to have been the first convert to the Christian faith, from the North American Indians. Pocahontas is kneeling on the steps of a rude baptismal font, with head bowed and hands crossed on her breast. She is dressed in a mantle of pure white fur, and her long hair falls loosely over her neck and shoulders." Her features and complexion are those of a true Indian, less beautiful than she is said to have been in life. The chapel in which the scene occurs, is copied from one of the earliest rustic churches. The next picture is the "Discovery of the Mississippi, by De Soto." It was painted by W. H. Powell and is a splendid scene. De Soto, clad in full armor, seated on a milk-white charger, gazes on the newly discovered stream, with a look of stern satisfaction. Behind him ride the mounted cavaliers of his party. One of them, who is nearer De Soto than the rest seems the very embodiment of youth and health. He rides a beautiful brown horse, who, frightened at the shouts of the discoverers, rears almost perpendicularly, beating the air with his fore feet. But his rider sits firmly and with ease, and waves his plumed hat, in exultation at the sight. A cowled monk is blessing a rude crucifix, which some others are raising. Another group push along a loaded cannon, with which to honor the discovery, with a salute. In the background, is a number of "Wigwams," and some Indians who are looking with astonishment at the intruders of an unknown race. They have brought offerings of fruit and game, and laid them at the stranger's feet. The whole taken together, produces a most natural and effective scene. The grand entrance door to the eastern portico separates this picture from the "Landing of Columbus" for the first time, in America. This was painted by Vanderlyn, and though different opinions have been expressed, of its merits, all must be struck with the resolution and devotion blended in the aspect of Columbus, as he bears the standard of civilization and points with his sword towards the earth, dedicating, with eyes uplifted, the new world to the Deity. Behind him are two standard-bearers with flags inscribed with "*F. Y.*" (for "Ferdinand and Isabella," each letter surmounted by a crown. Two sailors are seen contending for glittering particles in the sand, on the left; and on the right are several natives, some of them bowing to the ground before Columbus, and others more timid, are fleeing from before the bold adventurer. In the background are sailors landing from a boat. Still further back, upon the water, are seen the three ships of the expedition.

Next comes a picture, that in my opinion, in beauty of grouping, nobleness of form and expression of the figures and fineness of execution, exceeds all the others. It is the "Embarkation of the Pilgrim's" by Weir. It is a scene of pathetic interest to all their descendants.—The pilgrim fathers of New England have just embarked, at Delfthaven, (a port in Holland) on their high enterprise, and the venerable Robinson is commending them to Heaven, as they are about to spread their sails for a new world.—The whole company seem like persons who have determined on a course, from which there is no return. Farewells have been exchanged with those on the wharf, and the captain is privately giving orders to the mate to set sail. It is a noble picture,—worthy to be remembered. Next to this and directly opposite that, leading to the Hall of Rep's, is the door leading to the Senate Chamber, beyond which is the seventh picture, "Washington resigning his commission;" painted by Trumbull. "After bidding farewell to his old comrades in the war, Gen. Washington hastened to Annapolis, and there resigned his commission (of Gen. in Chief, of the American Army,) to Congress these assembled. The Maryland *Gazette* alluding to the event says: 'Here we must let the curtain fall. Few tragedies ever drew more tears from so many beautiful eyes, as were affected by the moving manner in which his Excellency took his final leave of Congress.—Between this and the next, is the door leading to the Hall of Rep's. Next comes the "Baptism of Pocahontas" by J. G. Chapman. It represents a beautiful incident in the life of one, whose history will always be interesting to our countrymen, and who is said to have been the first convert to the Christian faith, from the North American Indians. Pocahontas is kneeling on the steps of a rude baptismal font, with head bowed and hands crossed on her breast. She is dressed in a mantle of pure white fur, and her long hair falls loosely over her neck and shoulders." Her features and complexion are those of a true Indian, less beautiful than she is said to have been in life. The chapel in which the scene occurs, is copied from one of the earliest rustic churches. The next picture is the "Discovery of the Mississippi, by De Soto." It was painted by W. H. Powell and is a splendid scene. De Soto, clad in full armor, seated on a milk-white charger, gazes on the newly discovered stream, with a look of stern satisfaction. Behind him ride the mounted cavaliers of his party. One of them, who is nearer De Soto than the rest seems the very embodiment of youth and health. He rides a beautiful brown horse, who, frightened at the shouts of the discoverers, rears almost perpendicularly, beating the air with his fore feet. But his rider sits firmly and with ease, and waves his plumed hat, in exultation at the sight. A cowled monk is blessing a rude crucifix, which some others are raising. Another group push along a loaded cannon, with which to honor the discovery, with a salute. In the background, is a number of "Wigwams," and some Indians who are looking with astonishment at the intruders of an unknown race. They have brought offerings of fruit and game, and laid them at the stranger's feet. The whole taken together, produces a most natural and effective scene. The grand entrance door to the eastern portico separates this picture from the "Landing of Columbus" for the first time, in America. This was painted by Vanderlyn, and though different opinions have been expressed, of its merits, all must be struck with the resolution and devotion blended in the aspect of Columbus, as he bears the standard of civilization and points with his sword towards the earth, dedicating, with eyes uplifted, the new world to the Deity. Behind him are two standard-bearers with flags inscribed with "*F. Y.*" (for "Ferdinand and Isabella," each letter surmounted by a crown. Two sailors are seen contending for glittering particles in the sand, on the left; and on the right are several natives, some of them bowing to the ground before Columbus, and others more timid, are fleeing from before the bold adventurer. In the background are sailors landing from a boat. Still further back, upon the water, are seen the three ships of the expedition.

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Beside these eight *large*, there are hung around the Rotundo at various distances, small pictures, (comparatively) of minor interest. One about ten by eight feet hangs over the eastern door. It represents "Washington before Yorktown." Painted by Peale. Washington is represented on horseback, giving orders to other officers of the American Army. A number of portraits of celebrated American men, of more modern times, such as Adams, Tyler, Fillmore, Webster, Cass, Pierce and others are hung on the walls. Over each of the four doors, is sculptured in a panel, a scene from American history. That over the northern door, represents Wm. Penn, under a spreading elm, making a treaty with the Indians. This is the work of Geslevat, a native of France. In the panel over the opposite door is Daniel Boone, the pioneer of Kentucky, fighting with the Indians. Boone's aspect is calm and intrepid. The Indian's, fierce and revengeful. At their feet is the body of a dead Indian, whose features are expressive of the proud spirit of a savage—unsubdued even in death. This was sculptured by Causici.

It is said that a company of Indians, who had come to Washington on some business of their tribe, (the Winnebago, I think,) thought that they would visit the "Big Wigwam," (Capitol,) as they had heard considerable about it. They came through the Rotundo, making comments, in their own way, upon the pictures, &c. When they came to this bas relief, their attention was caught at once. They formed a semicircle and the chief stepped forward and enquired of a bystander, about it. On being told what it was, he explained it in their own language, to them. When he had finished, they suddenly, as by one impulse, raised the "war whoop," and ran from the hall. They could not be prevailed upon to visit the Capitol again during their visit.

Over the western door is the "Rescue of Captain John Smith, by Pocahontas; carved by Cappalano. Opposite this, over the eastern door, is the "Landing of the Pilgrims," on Plymouth rock.—This is sculptured in pure white marble, and represents a boat which has just touched the foot of the rock, and in the bow, a Pilgrim is just stepping out. His little son seems to caution him from venturing among the savages. But the mother, her eyes turned Heavenward, places her trust there and restrains the boy. Seated on the rock is an Indian, holding in his hand an ear of corn as an emblem of friendship. But as I do not wish to take up too much room in your columns I will close.

Yours truly,

NED.

For the Courier.

### Sketches by the Way.

TWO DAYS AT QUEBEC.

When a school boy, we read much in the Geographies about Quebec, the "Walled City." We then imagined it to be one of the wonders of the world. We also read of the severe conflicts between the English and the French, in which fell the brave Wolfe, and the equally brave warrior, Montcalm. Having dreamed for a long period of seeing the place where were erected mighty fortifications, the "Gibraltar of America," and where was exhibited the martial prowess of two great nations, the time at length came for making a visit to the far famed city. The first view of the city from the cars in passing down the Grand Trunk Road from Richmond, is very beautiful. The seats on one side of the cars are much preferred by those, who, for the first time, are permitted to gaze on the celebrated Capital of Lower Canada. Cape Diamond rising up three hundred and fifty feet above the water of the river, exhibits itself in very attractive grandeur. On the summit of this cape, is the great citadel. This strong fortification is said, when well garrisoned, to be able to defy the naval power of the world. The numerous cannon, well mounted in the form of a semicircle, facing the St. Lawrence, would be very formidable to hostile fleets, sailing up the river. The citadel covers nearly forty acres of ground, and it makes a very delightful promenade to all men, who are charmed with the sight of military pageantry and the deadly implements of human warfare. The terminus of the Grand Trunk Rail Road is at Point Levi, on the south side of the St. Lawrence. On leaving the cars you take a Ferry Boat and cross over the river to the city. On arriving at the shore, you would readily infer that you were entering a city of a foreign nation. The thoroughfare from up town to the Steam Boat Wharf, is a very narrow, zigzag, filthy street. In passing through, it a stranger might well conjecture that he was on his way to a place of banishment. And the Calashes in which the natives convey the travellers would tend to deepen his conviction on this point. The authorities of New York, would think them rather homely vehicles to transport condemned criminals to Sing Sing. Quebec is divided not only Geographically, but in feelings, manners and customs, into two parts. One part is called Lower Town, and the other part is called Upper Town. The Lower Town is inhabited by the Plebeians and the Upper Town by the

Nobility. The Lower Town might well be called the suburbs of the City Proper. The massy walls separate the Upper Town from it. The chief men, the mighty men, honorables, the counsellors, the captains, the princes, the dukes, and the lords, constitute the mass, who are protected from the sudden attack of the enemy within these bulwarks. There are several ponderous gates, through which you enter, in passing up from the Lower to the Upper Town. There are the Hope-Gate, the Palace-Gate, the St. John's-Gate, the St. Louis-Gate and Prescott-Gate. Some of these Gates were named after some distinguished warrior. Hope Gate was named for the Lieutenent General Henry Hope, and Prescott Gate was named for the Commander-in-Chief, Robert Prescott. It appears that the celebrated Champlain was about the first noted character that figured in Quebec. He came over from France, in about 1610, and designed to make the city the Capital of what he then dreamed would be denominated New France. But while he was dreaming of projects of what he should, and of prospects of what the place would become, a sudden great reverse of fortune, blasted his bright hopes, and crushed his ambitious spirit. Kirk, of English origin, wrested the coveted prize from his grasp somewhere about 1630. He captured the city with a fleet of three ships. DELTA.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]


## The Bethel Courier.

FRIDAY MORNING, Jan 11, 1861.


### I Want

Many an unfortunate result has occurred in the history of individuals, as well as of nations, by the repetition of this short sentence. Many a boy has repeated it to his parent, one whom he is bound to respect. We heard a boy the other day, utter it to his mother, as she kindly requested him to do something for her. We could but think how much sorrow such a boy might send to that mother's heart, before he was twenty one years old. *I want*, has caused many hearts to bleed. It has rent the family tie asunder, and left behind wretchedness and woe. It has transformed a party daughter, into a sour faced and disagreeable, old looking woman. It has filled the father and mother's faces with wrinkles.

States have been rent asunder and civil war has raged, by which millions of lives have been lost.

THE NEW YEAR'S DANCE at Patter's Hall went off in grand style. There were some thirty couple present and all agree in saying that they had a *good time*.—The music was furnished by Burkett, Abbott and Merrill, and was all that could be asked for in point of excellence. We understand that the managers are to give another Assembly at the same place on Tuesday evening next.

☞ Mrs. Anna N., wife of Beniah Low, of North Paris, died Dec. 18th, of dropsy, with which she had been afflicted fourteen years. In July, 1857 she was tapped, since which time the operation has been repeated twenty-seven times, drawing one hundred and fifty gallons of water, the whole weight of which was one thousand, four hundred and fifty pounds.

PATENTS.—The following patents were issued from the United States Patent Office, on Jan. 1, 1861, to citizens of Maine, each bearing that date. Some twenty new Patents were issued on that day, all of which, with two exceptions, were to New England men.

☞ James Haynes of Hollis, Me., assignor to himself and Tristam T. Lewis of Boston, Mass., for improved device for straining wood-saws.

☞ John Talor of Bangor, Me., for improvement in attaching the shrouds of ships.

☞ Three children of Wm. McDonnah, of Solon, Me., were severely scalded, one of them fatally, one day last week, by tipping over a tea-kettle of hot water which set upon the stove-hearth: one of them, a little child about a year old, has since died.

☞ South Carolina money won't buy bread in Newburn. "We tried a $1 bill on the Bank of South Carolina, with a *picture* of Calhoun on it, yesterday evening, and it was refused by two bakers, and the servant returned without the bread." Thus testifies the hungry editor of the Newburn (N. C.) *Progress*.

☞ Counterfeit tens on the Brighton Bank, and fives on the Cambridge City Bank, are in circulation in some parts of this State.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that Mr. J. M. Abbott and L. D. King were severely injured, while at work in B. F. King & Co's saw mill, at Welchville, by a lever starting up the gang saws. They were cut and jammed very badly. Mr. Abbott having two ribs broken, and narrowly escaping instant death. They are now in a fair way to recover.

LARGE MOOSE.—The Bangor *Times* says that a very large cow moose was killed near Lake Telos, by a gentleman of that city. It measured (with the hind legs extended) thirteen feet from nose to hoof, and when alive, stood seven feet high.

☞ The *Eastern Farmer* says that G. S. Cook, of Waltham, recently killed a hog two years old, girting six feet, and weighing 775 pounds. The breed was a cross of the Native and Newbury White.

☞ Bro. Rowell, of the Hallowell *Gazette* is greatly mistaken if he thinks the ladies will not speak to us because we think the marriage bond ought to be tightened up a little. On the contrary, they like us all the better. You don't understand these intimate relations yet.

☞ The National Fast was observed in this village at Rev. Mr. Wheelwright's church, by a large congregation who were sensibly affected by the critical state of our nation.

☞ The editor of the Lewiston *Republican* threatens us rather hard for insinuating that he had to hunt after a turkey for Thanksgiving, but his second sober thought led him to fear the result, and he offers to bring on the oysters! We shall accept the latter at the proper time.

REMOVAL.—Alfred Twitchell has removed to the rooms over Abbott's jewelry store, (formerly the *Courier* office) where he will be happy to wait on his old friends and the public. We trust that while he reveres the memory of St. Crispin, he will not forget the sanctity of the place where the *Courier* was born.

☞ We had quite a severe snow storm on Monday last, in consequence of which the cars were some two hours behind time. There is now a heavy body of snow on the ground, but not enough to interfere with lumbering operations.

☞ We are sorry to learn that Bro. Rowell has been obliged to submit to a surgical operation—the cutting off of the uvula. He writes a cheerful letter, however, and wonders that a doctor can have any sympathy! It is most fortunate for him in submitting to such an operation that he is not easily affected by external influences.

DONATION VISIT.—The friends of Rev Mr. Beavins will make him a donation visit at his residence, at Middle Intervale, on Wednesday afternoon and evening, Jan. 23d. We hope to see a large gathering of old and young, each one cheerfully doing something to gladden the minister's heart.

☞ The Young Men's *Journal*, published in Detroit, has commenced its 3d volume, under the Editorial care of Mr. S. D. Green. Success to him. Such a paper is much needed in that state.

MAINE TEACHER.—The Feb. No. of this Monthly, is before us, and a capital No. it is. We could but think what a treasure this must be to every teacher who is worthy a place in our schools.—No teacher can afford to do without it. A valuable addition is made in the present number, by the complete census returns of this state.

☞ They have a new mode of transit for winter teams on the Augusta bridge. A track is laid across the bridge, and a large platform car placed thereon, so constructed that a loaded sled can be driven upon it, and the whole easily drawn over.

DIPTHERIA.—We understand that a gentleman in Solon, who has had much experience in the treatment of this dread disease, is about to publish a pamphlet describing the symptoms and a sure mode of treatment.

CENSUS OF OXFORD COUNTY.—Paris has the largest number, 2828: Bethel is next in order, 2523, being a gain of 270. Adding 150 transient railroad laborers taken in the census of 1850, and we have a net gain of 420. Norway has 1982: Buckfield 1705; Fryeburg 1625; Rumford 1375, the same as in 1850: Oxford 1262: Gilead 347: Albany 853; Greenwood 878; Newry 474. Net gain in the county, 1838.

PERSONAL.—Col. John C. Fremont may be considered the richest man living. With the recent improvements, the monthly products of his mines are near $100,000. Mr. Fremont is expected in New York soon.

### THE SECESSION MOVEMENT.

There is a strong disposition to get rid of all persons of Northern birth, by fair means or foul. They are harrassed, threatened, bullied, and finally put off by the mob, without the faintest show of reason or law. Captains of vessels have been outraged, Northern teachers and business men have bee lynched, and no credentials or "certificates of character" can avail the unhappy aliens in the least degree.

The New York *Evening Post* of Thursday has the following dispatch from Washington:

"The President said last night at eleven o'clock that if Governor Wise's invaders visited the district to commit an assault, ther must encounter ten companies of federal troops."

THE POPULAR REACTION. The precipitate course of South Carolina in refusing to await the action of the North, but at once plunging the country into all the perils of civil war, has alienated the sympathies of many patriotic men who have hitherto remained her steadfast friends, ready to vindicate the justice of her cause at any sacrifice. We have one illustration of this in the case of the veteran Commodore Lawrence Kearney, who stands second on the active list of the U. S. Navy, and whose resignation was announced a few days ago. In a private letter, Commodore Kearney says:

"Since the course pursued by Charlestonians, I have changed my views in regard to matters in that quarter and elsewhere, and I have asked to be allowed to withdraw my letter of resignation in the Navy.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 2. Returns indicate that Georgia has gone for immediate secession.

State troops of Georgia now occupy Forts Pulaski and Jackson, and the U. S. Arsenal at Savannah.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *American* says:

"It is the opinion of military men here that Major Anderson is as safe in Fort Sumter against any operations that can be brought to bear upon him by the State, as if he was sitting in his own parlor.

His answer to the message sent to him by Gov. Pickens shows his reluctance to turn his guns on his own countrymen: 'Tell the Governor that I shall defend the fort as long as my life lasts, but I hope that the first shot shall pierce my own heart.'"

The Baltimore laborers who left Fort Sumter say that Major Anderson expressed his determination to resign if he shall be withdrawn from Fort Sumter, and threatens to shell the city of Charleston if his mail facilities are cut off. The people of Charleston will wait as long as possible for the withdrawal of Major Anderson from the fort, and after a final refusal on the part of the President, they will take it at every hazard.

The revenue cutter said to have been taken by the secessionists at Charleston is an old pilot boat now called the Aiken. She mounts no guns, and is merely hired by Government, and is used as a cutter.

The Philadelphia *Press* has an interesting letter, written by a leading citizen of Charleston to a citizen of Philadelphia, from which we select the following:

"You ask me for my candid opinion of our condition, and I will venture to give it to you. I could not publicly utter the sentiments of this letter without risking my life. The leaders of the Convention, like their prototypes of the French revolution, are beginning to be terrified at the fruits of the seed they have sown; but, as yet, the time for reaction is not here. The people have been infuriated through the efforts of the politicians, and now, like a Parisian mob, are pushing their captains and lieutenants into the very midst of the danger. What may bring these men to their senses is the tax system they have adopted. When a *per capita* sum is levied upon negro slaves, those who began and have driven forward this miserable business, will feel in their own purses, that which is now afflicting men in my situation. They will be brought to their senses: for it stands to reason that we can no more maintain a permanent military force without immense and burdensome taxation, than we can eat our cotton, or trade with Europe with Uncle Sam's fleet in our harbor.

Much as I have read of foolish conduct, I have never seen anything so silly and childish as that of the men who control our Convention. They are not statesmen: they are lunatics, and seem to have no thought of the morrow.

These men appear to forget that while they may prevent an American man-of-war from crossing our bar and coming into our port, and enforcing the United States laws, they at the same time exclude all commerce from us.

The Mississippians, as well as some in this State, Alabama, and Georgia, look to successful secession as a way to escape the payment of just debts.

The late stiffening of the President, and his evident determination to support Anderson has created undoubted alarm in the camp of the leaders of the Convention."

MOBILE, Jan. 4. The U. S. Arsenal was taken this morning. It contains six stand of arms, 150 barrels of powder and 300,000 rounds of cartridges. No defense was made.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 4. Fort Sumter *is* not besieged. All is quiet here. Major Anderson's brother visited him to day, accompanied by three gentlemen.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 4. Fast Day is observed here with more than usual solemnity.

LEAVENWORTH, Jan. 4. Gen. Scott has ordered all the available force at Fort Leavenworth to be in readiness to march to Fort Henry.

MOBILE, Jan. 4. Fort Morgan was taken this morning and garrisoned by 200 Mobile troops.

The Charleston correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* appears to be a regular secessionist. We copy his last letter, which is dated the 1st inst.:

"A glance at a good map of Charleston harbor, on which the distances are properly preserved, will show that the positions of Fort Johnson and the head of Morris Island are such as must constitute important points of attack on Fort Sumter. They are situated within a mile of that fortress, and face its southern and weakest side. On this side are the wharf and principal landing: as also the main entrance to the fort. Neither the wharf nor landing is, in the present state of the defenses, capable of being swept by a flanking fire from within. An attacking party, once landed, could work away at the embrazures in the scarp wall and at the main gate in the archway with but little interference, except from musketry and hand-grenades thrown over the parapet.

That Fort Sumter will be attacked very shortly, unless Major Anderson's command is withdrawn at once, no one doubts for a moment. It is well understood that the batteries now being erected on Morris Beach, and the guns recently placed in Fort Johnson, are intended to batter down the southern wall of Fort Sumter. Through the breach made by these guns a storming party, overwhelming in number, will be led, and the fort must certainly be captured. It will only be a matter of time.

If any one supposes South Carolina has any idea of backing down from her share in the brunt of the conflict which she deems inevitable, he is mistaken. There is at present no lack either of men or money, or enthusiasm. Even the women are making bandages and mattresses, and scraping lint, in preparation for the hour when such things may be needed.

There is a mistaken idea, perhaps, at the North, that South Carolina has no *money* or *credit*. There can be no greater mistake. The credit of the State among her own people is very great, was never better, and there is money enough coming in for our cotton for all present purposes. In such a cause as this men will not shrink from a *direct taxation*, if such a plan is resorted to, but the issuing of State bonds is the plan proposed.

The news that troops are on the way to reinforce Major Anderson has reached us. If the spirit of our men is any indication of what may be expected, the new arrivals will meet a warm reception. Many lives will, of course, be sacrificed, and thus the civil war must begin.

The New York *Times* has an interesting letter from Georgia, giving information as to the state of feeling among the masses in that State. The writer says:

"I have, in the course of business, travelled much in the central part of this State, and having conversed freely with the people upon the subject of secession, I find, as a general result, that about one in four of them are for immediate secession, with or without cause. A large part of the remainder are for contingent secession, or for making a statement of their alleged 'wrongs,' demanding a recognition of their rights by the Northern States, and in the event of their refusal, to leave the Union. Some, though few, are for Union at all hazards.

The secessionists of the surrounding States are aware of the importance of including Georgia in their disunion schemes. Their plan is evidently to secede separately and soon, and by leaving Georgia isolated, they expect she will be forced out by her position, whether she likes it or not.

Although all the Cotton States may secede from the Union, *it is by no means certain that South Carolina will belong to the Southern Confederacy*. It is shrewdly thought that there is no guaranty whatever that she will be any more contented in the new Confederacy than in the old, as she certainly will not unless she obtains a controlling influence. It is already felt by the conservative people of this State that South Carolina, by secession, has committed a crime against modern civilization and the advancing spirit of liberty, and that she my yet be hissed back into the Union by the united voice of the civilized world.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—The Republicans will not accept the border State compromise, but an opinion prevails that some arrangement will be made satisfactory both to the North and the border States.

President Buchanan will send a message to Congress to-morrow, in which he will take Jacksonian ground, insisting upon the enforcement of the law, with all the power of the army and navy.

Fort Washington has been garrisoned by marines from this city, and a detachment arrived to-day from Portsmouth, N. H.

Forty-two tons of ammunition are now on the way from New York to Louisiana, under the charge of Adams & Co.'s express.

Reports from Charleston state that the troops are suffering severely from sickness and exposure. There is no business doing. The city is in the hands of a mob.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6. The Alabama and Mississippi delegations had a conference last night, and afterward telegraphed to the Conventions of their respective States, advising their immediate secession, as there was no prospect of a satisfactory adjustment.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 6. Governor Hicks has published an address to the citizens of Maryland, giving his reasons for refusing to convene the Legislature. It abounds in emphatic Union sentiments. He firmly believed that a dissolution of the Union would result in civil war. No one can misunderstand the opinion of Maryland.

She sympathizes with the South in demanding from the North the repeal of unconstitutional statutes, and for new guaranties. She will wait a reasonable time for the North to purge its statute books, and do justice to the South. If these appeals are in vain, she will make common cause with the border States in resistance to tyranny.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5. It has been ascertained from proper quarters that the distribution of arms to the South during the summer, was made for the purpose of equalization only. After the distribution of arms there was a preponderence of arms at the North.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7. Conciliation stock is down to-night, as the border State men are indignant at the Republicans of the House passing Adrain's resolution endorsing Anderson's movement, and pledging support to the President.

Senator Mason and other Virginia Congressmen have gone to Richmond to urge immediate secession. The occupation of Fort Washington makes the Virginians very indignant.

The House Committee of Thirty-three to-day adopted an amendment to the Fugitive Slave law guaranteeing a trial by jury in the State whence the fugitives escaped.

The Senate, in executive session, referred the nomination of Mr. McIntyre for Collector at Charleston to the Committee on Commerce.

JACKSON, Miss. Jan. 7. The Governor has ordered the artillery to prepare ball cartridges. The delegates to the convention are unanimous for secession.

The Miss., Secession Convention organized to-day. A resolution was adopted that the President appoint a committee to draw up an ordinance of secession. The committee will be announced to-morrow. Adjourned.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Jan. 7. The Convention met at noon. Delegates from all the counties were present. Wm. M. Brooks was elected President.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Jan. 7. Seventy counties are for immediate secession, twenty-nine for co-operation, and five are divided.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7. A company of light artillery has just arrived at the Carlisle barracks.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 7. The troops that arrived to-day were cavalry not infantry. They are destined for Harper's Ferry.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 7. The Republicans and Democratic State Conventions will be held here to-morrow.

Members of both parties propose to unite in firing a salute in honor of the battle of New Orleans and Major Anderson. Both parties are strong for the Union.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 7. The Secession ticket is triumphant. All the Senatorial delegates, and all but one on the Representative ticket, are elected by over 500 majority.

The *Times* says that Commodore Shubrick has arrived at Washington, and expresses the opinion that South Carolina cannot hold out long unless Georgia comes to her relief.

The *Tribune* has private advices from Charleston to the effect that parties of minute men are entering private houses and demanding food and money, and also that Governor Pickens has written a letter to an officer of high rank in the army, a native of South Carolina, requesting him to come to Charleston and protect them from the mob. The officer declined, saying that he can serve his country elsewhere.

Salutes in honor of Maj. Anderson were fired to-day, 8th, in many places, in Ky., Md., Va., N. Y., R. I., Ct., Mass., Vt., N. H., Maine, &c.

Returns are daily received from South Carolina Postmasters, showing that the postal business progresses as heretofore, including the honoring of contractors orders and the purchase of postage stamps.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 7. The Legislature assembled to-day. The Governor in his message says the remedy for the evils exists in Constitutional amendments, on the refusal to adopt which Tennessee will maintain her equality in or independence out of the Union. He recommends the organization of the militia and the purchase of arms.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8. There is great excitement in all classes, caused by the rumor that troops are on their way to Fort Sumter.

Gentlemen from Richmond represent that the Secessionists are gaining ground, although they are strongly opposed by old Whigs.

Leading members of the Republican and American parties are in consultation this evening, but there is little chance for a settlement of difficulties.

Rumors of an attack upon the steamer Star of the West and the canonading of Charleston are rife, creating an intense excitement. Nobody can give any authority for them.

Agents of Southern States continue to arrive, for the purpose of purchasing arms. The gogernment for the present refuse to sell any to State or private parties.

☞ There died in Providence last year 102 persons of the age of 70 years and upward. One was 101 years of age and another 100.

MAINE LEGISLATURE. The Republicans nominated for Secretary of State, Joseph B. Hall, of Aroostook; for Attorney General, Josiah Drummond, of Portland; for Councillors, Jared Fuller of Penobscot, Frederic Robie, of Cumberland, Benjamin D. Metcalf of Lincoln, Lewis L. Wadsworth, of Washington, George A. Frost, of York, Joseph M. Dennis, of Somerset, Washington Wilcox, of Kennebec.

### ITEMS.

☞ In the libel suit of Edwin Noyes (of Bath) vs. John T. Gilman, of the Bath *Times*, for $10,000 damages, for an alleged insinuation that said Noyes was "staggering drunk," (although no name was mentioned,) the plaintiff was nonsuited and Gilman recovers his own costs against Noyes. So much for another libel suit.

☞ The following is said to be a good explanation of differences between printing and publishing:—A lady, having kissed a gentleman in the presence of an editor, jokingly hoped he would not say anything about it in his paper. "Ah! no madam," replied the editor: "we often *print* such things ourselves, but never *publish* them."

☞ The readers of the Augusta Age and the editorial fraternity of the State will rejoice that, after an interval of a few months, DANIEL T. PIKE, Esq., has resumed the editorial charge of that paper.

AROOSTOOK RAILROAD.—Among the many interesting topics which are to come up before the next Legislature, it is understood that one will be the Aroostook Railroad in a new draft and modified form.

WOLVES.—Luther Clary, of Cooper, lost his entire flock of sheep, twelve in number, by the wolves a few days since.

☞ Col. David Page, a member of the House from Fort Kent, in Upper Aroostook, on his way from his house to the Capitol, walked fifteen miles on foot, ten miles on snow shoes, the snow being two and a half feet deep, and unbroken.

☞ All the mills at Lewiston are yet running on full time.

☞ The citizens of Machias have just finished a new Town Hall, at a cost of about $6000.

☞ It is stated that a daily paper is about to be started in Rockland.

☞ Montgomery, Kingville, Jay, Weaverville, Malta, Dearborn, Warsaw, Harlem, Fairfax and Ligonia, once towns in Kennebec county, have disappeared from the map of Maine.

☞ Counterfeit silver coin, mostly quarters, is largely in circulation in Lewiston and vicinity.

A LARGE COW.—The Boston *Journal* says:—The largest cow ever sold at this market was purchased here last week by Mr. A. B. Barrows. She weighed when alive 2650 pounds, and when dressed 1850. There was taken from her 195 pounds of rough tallow and 270 pounds of kidney tallow—twice the amount usually found in a fat ox. She was raised by Josiah Bennett, of Westmoreland, N. H., and was six years old.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—On Sunday, Dec. 23d, says the Showhegan *Clarion*, a little daughter of Mr. Lyman Perry of that village, aged two years, was severely, if not fatally scalded, by upsetting a dish of hot, melted sugar in her bosom. She lays in a very precarious condition.

☞ The Belfast *Journal* chronicles a shocking and fatal accident from the bursting of a fluid lamp in that city, on the evening of the 11th ult., by which a little girl, five years old, daughter of Geo. Kelly, was burned to death.

SHOOTING AFFAIR DOWN EAST.—In the town of Franklin, on the 13th ult., a party of "serenaders" went to the house of Capt. John West, who had recently brought home a new wife, and, as they say, commenced a serenade, when the window of Mr. J. H. West's room was opened, and several shots were fired from a revolver—one ball passing through the leg of John P. French.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN STEUBEN.—A fortnight since the eldest daughter of Curtis Leighton, of Steuben was burned to death while her mother was out in the barn milking. Upon hearing the cries of her children she rushed into the room and found them all on fire, four in number, the eldest, 8 years old, standing by a table with her hands and eyes lifted, and every particle of clothing literally torn off. She died in a few hours. The others were saved with slight injury.

FAT COW.—The Franklin *Patriot* says that Col. T. Marston of Phillips, recently killed a fat cow, which weighed when dressed 995 lbs., in all, distributed as follows. Hide 103 lbs., meat 736 lbs., tallow 156 lbs.

THE FARMERS' CLUB met at Mr. John A. Twitchell's, on Wednesday evening last. We were not able to be present, but we understand that they had a very interesting discussion, and a good time generally. They are to hold their next meeting at Mr. Pinkney Burnham's, on Wednesday evening next. Question:—"If the town of Bethel excels the other towns of Oxford county, how must it be accomplished."


The Bethel Courier

MAILS.

Mails close as follows:—
To Portland, - - - 10 A. M.
To Island Pond - - - 4 P. M.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Morning train leaves Bethel for Portland at 10 30, A. M. Returning—arrives from Portland at 1 41-2, P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Every Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M., and 1 3 4 P. M., in the following churches:—
First Cong'l. - - - Rev. Mr. Wheelwright
Second " - - - Rev. Mr. Garland
Universalist, - - - Rev. Mr. Gaines

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.

Every Friday evening at 7 1-2 o'clock, at the vestry. Bible Class, Tuesday evenings. Prayer Meeting, Saturday evenings.

L. F. ATWOOD'S
Improved Vegetable Pleasing Bitters
JAUNDICE BITTERS.

This is an effective cure for Jaundice, Headache, Dyspepsia, Worms, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Colds and Fevers, and Bowel Pains. It cleanses the blood from impurities, and invigorates the whole system. Just the thing for Consumptives, Strangers, Drovers, Couples and Phthisics.

KENNEBUNK, Maine, January 26th, 1857.
This is to certify that I have appointed H. H. HAY, WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, my sole General Agent for the sale of my IMPROVED VEGETABLE PHYSICAL BILLIOUS JAUNDICE BITTERS, and from these Agents orders must be addressed to him at PORTLAND, Me. L. F. ATWOOD.

Beware of imitations, and from Massachusetts. See that the name of Maine is on every bottle, otherwise it is worthless. Sold in Bethel by Mason Abbott, and sold by local agents in some three hundred towns in Maine, as some have represented. Purchase none without my signature. 1y40

H. H. HALL, Druggist, Agent for Bethel.

Wells's Magic Compound, is a sure remedy for every kind of cough, cold, and irritation of the breathing organs. It has safe action, and it is a powerful remedy—it is a remedy that cures. All honorable dealers know it for sale. See advertisement and testimonials of its merits in another column.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills
And Wild Strawberry Plaster.
For sale by H. H. HALL, Bethel.
See advt. on 3d page.

The Great Central Active Principle
of the Tolu Anodyne is a true development of the original natural opiate. In all cases wherever opium has been used and its baneful effects witnessed, no remarks of ours can adequately compare the difference, and no decision is equal to a trial. The Anodyne contains not a particle of opium, and the most delicate constitution can use it with safety, and the perfect, natural state it keeps and leaves the patient, should recommend it to physicians who have long sought this true development, and to patients who want natural results.

The basis of the UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY is that freedom from all components which, by the great energy in compounding, produce complete inertness, instead of real cures. We place no restraint on its use every hour in the day, and ask all patients to make it the natural enemy of all Coughs, Throat, or Lung Complaints, by a perfect freedom of application. For Inflammatory Sore Throat it is a perfect remedy, and for Whooping Cough checks all the spasms and along the Cough to have its run in a quiet way.

With the spirit that meets all investigation, and readiness to answer all inquiries, may we in turn ask all to be cautious to purchase only of those they can rely upon. "Prices within reach or all." 1m2

A Friend in Need Try It.

DR SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the recipe of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great bone setter and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it is without a rival, and will relieve pain more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly invaluable, and as a curative for Sores, Wounds, Sprains, Bruises &c. its soothing, healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years attest this fact.

See advertisement.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE Advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
1y47 Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York.

ALL PERSONS
INDEBTED TO THE SUBSCRIBER, will please make
Immediate Payment
or else he will be under the painful necessity of leaving their demands for Collection, and that
WITHOUT REMEDY.
F. A. CHANDLER.
Bethel, Jan. 1, 1861. 3w3

Cash paid for
Beech Nuts,
2w3 by JAMES E AYER.

From a PENNY WHISTLE,
To a STOVE PIPE
2 46 at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.


Posters Printed at this Office!

# The Bethel Courier : : A Home Paper.


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Congregational, - - Rev. Mr. GARLAND.
Universalist, - - - Rev. Mr. GAINES.

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ANDROSCOGGIN MILLS, January 15th, 1857.

This is to certify that I have appointed H. H. HAY WHOLESALE DRUGGIST, my Sole General AGENT for the sale of my IMPROVED VEGETABLE PHYSICAL BILLIOUS JAUNDICE BITTERS, and from this date all orders must be addressed to him at PORTLAND, ME. L. F. ATWOOD.

The Agent of Bitters sent from Massachusetts, being among the many Mason Aliases, engaged to come to me by Bitter, or the Bitters. They are not, nor are they made by me. Obtained and sold by him into Maine, as stated and represented. Purchase none without my signature. 1y20

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See advertisement.

## TO CONSUMPTIVES.

THE advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he considers invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
1y12 Williamsburgh,
Kings County, New York.

## ALL PERSONS

INDEBTED TO THE SUBSCRIBER, will please make

**Immediate Payment**

as he will be under the painful necessity of closing their demands for Collection, and that **WITHOUT REMEDY.**

F. S. CHANDLER.
Bethel, Jan. 1, 1861. 3w3

Cash paid for
**Beech Nuts,**
2w3 by JAMES E. AYER.

*From a PENNY WHISTLE,*
*To a STOVE PIPE*
2w16 at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

Posters Printed at this Office!

## OLD SACHEM
# BITTERS
AND
## *WIGWAM TONIC.*

THESE delicious and far-famed Bitters are recommended by the first physicians of the country on account of their

**Purity and Great Medicinal Virtue.**

They are pleasant as nectar to the taste, and are pronounced the BEST TONIC and STIMULANT ever offered to the public. Their curative powers in cases of

*General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Constipation etc.,*

are unparalleled, and as a guarantee that we feel warranted in claiming what we do, we beg leave to state that our assertions are endorsed by

Prof. SILLIMAN, of Yale College,
Prof. HAYES, of Massachusetts,
and hundreds of others.

For sale by Grocers, Wine Merchants and Druggists generally.

**Wm. GOODRICH, Proprietor,**
1y4 New Haven, Ct.
Principal Depot, 143 Water st., New York

## Two Blessings for Women!

The Sewing Machine and
**STEARNS & CO.'S**
## GLYCERINE SOAP.

With one, clothing is made easily and rapidly, and with the other it can be kept clean and pure with half the labor formerly required.—Mystic Flash of New York, says: "My wife speaks of its cleansing and labor-saving qualities in the highest terms, and records it as the best article of soap that she has ever used. I am confident that no other article of soap will be used in my family while yours can be obtained." Sold by all Grocers & by STEARNS & CO., 3 Commercial Street, near State St., Boston.

## Marriages.

In Norway, 2nd inst., by David Noyes, Esq., Hezekiah G. Mason, of Mason, to Miss Suzy B. Watson, of Norway.

## Deaths.

In this town, 5th inst., Sylvia T., wife of Galen C. Holt, aged 36 yrs. 11 mos.

In Poland, Dec. 23d, Mary B., relict of the late Oliver Herrick, Esq., of Lewiston, 71 yrs. 5 mos.


## McTat's
## LIFE PILLS & PHOENIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINES have now been before the public for a period of THIRTY YEARS, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the Globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

**VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES**

are well known to be infallible.

**DYSPEPSIA**, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; **FLATULENCY**, Loss or APPETITE, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, RESTLESSNESS, ILL TEMPER, ANXIETY, LANGUOR, and MELANCHOLY, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

**COSTIVENESS**, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a soft and mild action, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

**FEVERS** of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure **RHEUMATISM** permanently in three weeks, and **GOUT** to hold that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

**DROPSIES** of all kinds, by freeing and stimulating the kidneys and bladder: they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and have never been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also **WORMS**, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels all slimy matter to which these creatures adhere.

**SCURVY, ULCERS**, and INVETERATE SORES, by the purest purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood and all the humours.

**SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS** and **BAD COMPLEXIONS**, by their alternative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints and low and cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these Medicines was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing by the use of the LIFE MEDICINES alone.

FEVER AND AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these Medicines will be found a safe, speedy, and certain remedy.—Other Medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these Medicines is permanent.—TRY THEM, BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

**Bilious Fevers and Liver Complaints.**—GENERAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE, and DISEASES OF FEMALES.—The Medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description.—KIDNEY EVIL and SCROFULA, in its worst forms, yields to the powerful action of these remarkable medicines. NIGHT SWEATS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, OF ALL KINDS, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, PAINTERS' COLIC are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these Medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system, all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparations of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by **W. B. MOFFAT,**
1y7 335 Broadway, New York.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

## THE BEST ASSORTMENT!

Of Toilet and Washing
## SOAPS,

ever offered in this place, for sale by
5tf JAMES E. AYER.

**BORNET'S "EXCELSIOR" BAKING POWDERS.**

Cannot be surpassed for the manufacture of Pastry Cakes, Puddings, Biscuits, Rolls, &c., without Yeast, in lieu of 'BREAD,' less time than by Buckwheat Cakes any other process.

**Saves 33 pr. ct. in the use of Butter and Eggs.**

These Powders will convince the most economical and healthiest skeptical. One trial will convince than any in use.

**Increase the weight in Bread 15 pr. ct.**

Dyspeptics can with these POWDERS "Hot Bread," Biscuits, &c., with impunity if made where. For Sale Everywhere

**BORNET'S CELEBRATED WASHING POWDERS!**

Bleaches clothes Softens the Hard-water Soft. Saves one-half the Soap.

Does not injure LACES, or CAMBRICS, or the texture of the LINEN.

**SAVES ONE HALF THE LABOR IN WASHING.**

Washes all injury, particular-clothing superior by Flannels, which is the best Wash- are washed soft, ing Machine in without shrinking the world without

Cost of a LARGE WASHING 2 cts

Manufactured only by
WILLIAM BORNET.
45 & 47 1-2 Pine St., New York City.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Cash Orders promptly executed.
1y2

**PROF. L. MILLER'S**
## HAIR INVIGORATOR,
**An Effective, Safe and Economical Compound,**

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR
To its original color without dyeing, and preventing the Hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS,
And curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF & DANDRUFF
And all cutaneous affections of the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR.
Imparting to it an unequaled gloss and brilliancy making it soft and silky in its texture, and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and increasing demand for this unrivaled preparation, renders it unnecessary to practice that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from dandruff and other cutaneous diseases, causing the hair to grow luxuriantly, give it a rich soft, glossy and flexible appearance, and also relieve the hair in lessening and thinning, it will give strength and vigor to the roots and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a fresh covering of hair.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the hair from turning until the latest period of life, and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty restore it to its original hue, giving it a dark glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facility it affords in dressing the hair, which when moist with the Invigorator, can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place whether plain or in curls; hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a standard toilet article which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being

**Only Twenty-Five Cents**

per bottle, to be had at all respectable Druggists and Perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of his Invigorator, in cases where the child bears hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a good head of hair, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary bath for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac-simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y., blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 5 Dey Street, and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity. Handsome to present to the American Public Hemp

**New and Improved Instantaneous**
## LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

by PRICE, ONLY 50 CENTS.
Depot, 50 Dey St., New York.

**CONDENSED STATEMENT**
OF THE CAPITAL AND ASSETS OF THE
## Western Mass. Insurance Co.,
OF PITTSFIELD, MASS.,
In compliance with the Laws of Maine,
**November 1, 1860.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Cash Capital, paid in, | $150,000 00 |
| Surplus, | 68,033 42 |
| | $218,033 42 |

**ASSETS:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank and other Stocks, | $70,000 00 |
| 12 shares Pittsfield Coal Gas, | 1,140 00 |
| Loans on Mortgages of Real Estate, worth over $200,000, | 99,901 41 |
| Loans on Approved Collateral and Bank Stock, | 25,000 00 |
| Accrued Interest, on Loans, | 7,474 81 |
| Cash on hand and in Banks, | 12,178 75 |
| " in hands of Agents, | 9,956 26 |
| Personal Property, | 1,382 19 |
| | $218,033 42 |

**LIABILITIES:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Losses adjusted and due, | None. |
| " claimed and not due, | $9,738 40 |
| " reported and unadjusted, | 3,550 00 |
| Premium Notes, | None. |

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts.**

Berkshire ss., Pittsfield, Nov. 8th, 1860.

We, Ensign H. Kellogg, President, and J. C. Goodridge, Secretary, of the Western Massachusetts Insurance Company, hereby certify the foregoing statement to be a true exhibit of the condition of the company on the 1st day of November, 1860, according to our best knowledge and belief. ENSIGN H. KELLOGG, President.
J. C. GOODRIDGE, Secretary.

Sworn to before me
LORENZO H. GAMWELL,
Justice of the Peace.
4w52 W. D. LITTLE.
General Agent and Attorney, Portland,
**or A. L. BURBANK, Bethel Hill.**

## STRYCHNINE

to kill, and Medicines to cure at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill.

## NOTICE.

DR. O. M. TWITCHELL is administrator of the estate of Dr. Alson Twitchell.

Will you call and settle, or shall your account be left with a lawyer? 47. tf.

## WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

**J. S. ABBOTT,**

Has just returned from Boston with a large stock of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

*SILVER & PLATED WARE*
## FANCY GOODS,
## Stationery. Cutlery, Perfumery

and any quantity of other goods in his line, all of which he offers at the

*Lowest Cash Prices!*

at wholesale or retail. Having a large stock on hand, and knowing the times to be hard, he is willing to sell at the lowest possible price, and thinks he can sell cheaper than most people, for he buys his goods at head quarters and pays cash down for them. Everything is warranted to be what it is sold for. His motto is: "HONESTY IS THE BEST POLICY," and the most sure to succeed.

All kinds of work done in his line and warranted

**Cash paid for Old Gold & Silver.**
2 tf47 BETHEL HILL, ME.

## HUNNEWELL'S UNIVERSAL COUGH REMEDY,

This valuable preparation (freed of all the common components, such as Opiates, or Expectorants, which but only run down the system, but destroy all efficacy of cure, will be found on trial to possess the following properties, and to which the most valuable testimonials may be found in the pamphlet.

For Whooping Cough, and as a Soothing Syrup, it needs every want, and by early use will save the largest proportion of ruptures in children which can be traced to Whooping Cough.

In ordinary Coughs and Bronchial Complaints, the forerunners of Consumption, its splendid tonic properties making it not only the most perfect remedy to disease, but builds up and sustains the system against a recurrence of the Complaint. No nursery should be without it, nor should parents fail to get a pamphlet, to be found with all dealers, as the only way to do justice to its value.

## HUNNEWELL'S CELEBRATED TOLU ANODYNE,

This great Neuralgic Remedy and Natural Opiate calls for special attention and interest, being free of Opium or preparations of Opium, or any thing but its strictly vegetable and medical properties. For Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Tooth and Ear Ache, spinal Complaints, Bleeding of the Lungs or Stomach, Rose or Hay Fever, Catarrh, and all minor Nervous Complaints.

For Pain in Side, Chronic or Nervous Headache, Sick Head Ache, it has no equal, and to which we offer testimonials from undoubted sources.

In Burns Tremens it is a Sure Remedy.

For Bowel Complaints, including Cholera Morbus, it is splendidly adapted, in not only removing the pains but acting as a physic, a great contrast with Opium, which not only constipates and drags the system, but makes the remedy worse than the disease.

From Physicians we ask attention, and on demand Formulas or Trial Bottles will be sent, developing in the Anodyne an Opiate which has long been wanted, and in the Cough Remedy such as rest entirely on one central principle.—From invalids we ask correspondence for Pamphlets or explanation, without postage stamps.

Price—Large Cough Remedy, 50 cts. per bottle
Small " 25 " "
Tolu Anodyne, 50 " "

**JOHN L. HUNNEWELL, Proprietor.**
CHEMIST AND PHARMACEUTIST,
**NO. 9 COMMERCIAL WHARF, BOSTON, MASS.**

For sale by all usual wholesale and retail dealers in every town and city.

F. S. Chandler, C. and O. H. Mason, Bethel; B. F. Bates and Co., Paris; Dr. W. A. Rust, Sucarly Agents. W. F. Phillips, Wholesale Agt Portland. 1y52

**A Wonderful Remedy**
FOR
A WONDERFUL AGE!
## Herricks Sugar Coated Pills,

The best family Cathartic in the WORLD, by direct twenty years by five millions of persons annually, always give satisfaction; contain nothing injurious; patronized by the Principal Physicians and Surgeons in the UNION; elegantly coated with sugar. Large Boxes 25 cts.
2 Boxes ONE DOLLAR—
Full directions with each box. Warranted superior to any Pill before the public.

HERRICK'S
**KID STRENGTHENING PLASTERS**
cure in five hours, pains and weakness of the breast, side and back, and chronic complaints in equally short periods of time. Spread on beautiful white lamb skin, they conform to the body, and subjects the wearer to no inconvenience, and each one will wear from one week to three months. Price 25 and 50 Cents.

Herrick's Sugar Coated Pills and Kid Plasters are sold by druggists and storekeepers in all parts of the United States, Canadas and South America, and may be obtained by calling for them by their full name.

DR. L. R. HERRICK and CO., Albany, N. Y.
For sale by H. B. HALL & L. C. KIMBALL, Bethel. MILTON HOLT, West Bethel.
E. BLASHFIELD, Traveling Agent. 1y36

## Anasaguntticook House!

Near the Mineral Springs, at the foot of Anasaguntticook Mountain
**Bethel Me.,**

Four miles from Bethel Hill, one mile from West Bethel depot, on the Grand Trunk Railroad, and eighteen miles from the "Alpine House," in Gorham, N. H

The subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to the public that he has recently enlarged and refitted his hotel.

His tables will be furnished with all the dainties of the season; and carriages and saddle horses will be constantly ready to convey guest to any part of the Androscoggin valley.

Board, including use of bath, will be furnished on the most reasonable terms.
27 JOHN S. CHAPMAN, Proprietor.

## FISHING TACKLE

and Gun Trimmings. Guns &c., repaired at
ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me.

## AMERIC'N WATCHES

as well as English, French and Swiss, at
J. S. ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill, Me

Cash paid for
**POP CORN, in the ear,**
2w3 by JAMES E AYER.

## SULPHITE OF LIME!

For Preserving Cider, for sale by
JAMES E. AYER.

## NEW STORE
AT
**WALKER'S MILLS.**

A. G. TINKHAM, would respectfully announce to the public that he has just opened a store at Walker's Mills, where he will keep constantly on hand and for sale a good assortment of the best quality of goods usually found in a Country Store, consisting in part of

## PRINTS, DeLAINES, PLAIDS,

Ginghams, Cambrics, Sheetings, Drillings, Ticklings, Denims, Deeskins, Cassimeres, Satinetts &c

LADIES' WOOL SHAWLS,

Ratans, and Watch Spring Skirts, men's and boys' Thick Boots, Women's, Misses and Children's

*Boots, Shoes and Rubbers!*

Also constantly on hand, **Crockery, Glass, and Tin Ware.**

## W. I Goods and Groceries,

consisting in part of Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Saleratus, Raisins, Spices, Tobacco, Flour, Salt Fish, Salt, **Kerosene Lamps**, Kerosene and Whale Oil, &c.

&c. The above goods have been purchased for Cash, and will be sold as low as can be bought elsewhere.

**WANTED.**

In exchange for the above, Butter, Corn, Oats, Beans, Dried Apple, Poultry, Wool Skins, and Hides.

Walker's Mills, Bethel, Nov. 22, 1860. 49tf

★ ★ ★

DR. SWEET'S
## Infallible Liniment,
THE
**Great External Remedy,**

FOR RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, STIFF NECK AND JOINTS, SPRAINS, BRUISES, CUTS AND WOUNDS, PILES, HEADACHE, AND ALL RHEUMATIC AND NERVOUS DISORDERS.

For all of which it is a speedy and certain remedy, and never fails. This liniment is prepared from a receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the famous lone setter, and has been used in his practice for more than twenty years with the most astonishing success.

AS AN ALLEVIATOR OF PAIN, it is unrivaled by any preparated before the public, of which the most skeptical may be convinced by a single trial.

This liniment will cure rapidly and radically Rheumatic disorders of every kind, and in thousands of cases where it has been used it has never been to fail.

FOR NEURALGIA, it will afford immediate relief in every case, however distressing.

It will relieve the worst case of HEADACHE in three minutes and is warranted to do it.

TOOTHACHE also will it cure instantly.

For NERVOUS DEBILITY and GENERAL LASSITUDE arising from imprudence or excesses, this liniment is a most happy and unusual unfailing remedy. Acting directly upon the nervous tissues, it strengthens and revives the system, and restores it to elasticity and vigor.

FOR PILES—As an external remedy, we claim that it is the best known, and we challenge the world to produce an equal. Every victim of this distressing complaint should give it a trial, for it will not fail to afford immediate relief, and in a majority of cases will effect a radical cure.

QUINSY and SORE THROAT are sometimes extremely malignant and dangerous, but a timely application of this liniment will never fail to cure.

SPRAINS are sometimes very obstinate, and enlargement of the joints is liable to occur if neglected. The worst cases may be conquered by this liniment in two or three days.

BRUISES, CUTS, WOUNDS, SORES, ULCERS, BURNS and SCALDS, yield readily to the wonderful healing properties of Dr. Sweet's Infallible LINIMENT, when used according to directions. Also, Chilblains, Frosted Feet and insect bites and stings.

## Every Horse Owner,

should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of Lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

Over four hundred voluntary testimonials to the wonderful curative properties of this Liniment have been received within the last two years, and many of them from persons in the highest ranks of life.

## Caution

To avoid imposition, observe the Signature and Likeness of Dr Stephen Sweet on every label, and also, "Stephen Sweet's Infallible Liniment" blown in the glass of each bottle, without which none are genuine.

RICHARDSON & CO.,
Sole proprietors, Norwich, Ct.
For sale by H H Hay, Gen. Agt., Portland
H. B HALL, Agent, Bethel

## THE HORTICULTURIST

is the best magazine of its kind in America. Every admirer of

FLOWERS, FRUITS,

BEAUTIFUL GARDENS,

PLEASANT HOMES, &c., &c.,

should subscribe for it. Published monthly—**48** pages—elegantly illustrated

**Terms $2,00 a Year.**

For the two years, 1860 and 1861, $3,00
The edition with colored plates, $5 a year
Our Catalogue is sent free to everybody

**SAXTON & BARKER,**
Agricultural Book Publishers No. 25 Park Row. 4w1 NEW YORK.

**ROBINSON'S**
## INDEXICAL SILVER SOAP!

For cleaning and polishing Silver Plated and Brittania Wares, Mirrors, Marble, Tin, &c., for sale by
51 H. B. HALL, Druggist, Bethel, Me.

## GOULD'S ACADEMY!

THE **WINTER TERM** of this Institution will commence on the 1st Tues. in December.
T. TRUE, PRINCIPAL
Bethel, Nov. 1st, 1860.

## PURE ELDERBERRY WINE!

By the Pint, Quart or Gallon, for sale by
JAMES E AYER.

## NEUTRAL SULPHITE OF LIME,

for preserving CIDER, for sale by
Dec. 20, 1860. 1 H. B. HALL, Druggist.

## COUNTRY PRODUCE

Wanted in exchange for the Courier.

ANOTHER GRAND OPENING
—OF—
## DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS
AND
## SHAWLS!
—AT—
**J. W. PERKINS & CO'S.**

J. W. P. & Co. have just opened a large and elegant stock of Silks, Thibets, Cashmeres, Mohairs, DeLaines and Prints that are to be sold with a rush,

**IF LOW PRICES WILL DO IT!**

They are also well stocked with

## DOMESTIC & WOOLEN GOODS,
## CARPETS,

*Feathers and Mattresses!*

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
AND
**CLOAK GOODS.**

A better stock was never offered in this market. Their whole stock now amounts to over

## $10,000!

and is a rare selection for buyers.
Lewiston, Nov. 20th, 1860. 2m49.

## JUST OPENED
A
## NEW DRUG STORE
in the
*New Brick Building*

recently erected by R. A. Chapman, Esq., on

*BETHEL HILL.*

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Bethel and the surrounding country, that he has taken the above named store for the purpose of doing the business of an Apothecary and Druggist. Having been many years in the above line in a neighboring city, he hopes by close attention to business, to merit the confidence of the public and receive a share of patronage. Strict personal attention will be paid to putting up

**Physicians' Prescriptions**

and special care used in selecting and compounding medicines. A general assortment of

## DRUGS, MEDICINES,

Dye Stuffs, Perfumery,

**Fancy Goods, Books, Stationery,**

FRUIT & CONFECTIONERY,

including all the most popular

*PATENT MEDICINES*

with all articles usually kept in a store of this kind, constantly on hand. Terms Cash.

Nov. 9th, 1860. 1y47 **N. B. HALL.**

## DR. MOTT'S
## CHALYBEATE RESTORATIVE
## PILLS OF IRON.

An aperient and stomachic preparation of IRON purified of Oxygen and Carbon by combustion in Hydrogen. Sanctioned by the highest Medical Authorities, both in Europe and the United States, and prescribed in their practice.

The experience of thousands daily proves that no preparation of Iron can be compared with it. Impurities of the blood, deprivation of vital energy, pale and other unhealthy complexions indicate its necessity in almost every conceivable case.

Invalids in all maladies in which it has been tried, it has proved absolutely curative in each of the following complaints, viz:

*In Debility, Nervous Affections, Emaciation, Dyspepsia, Consumption, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Incipient Consumption, Scrofulous Tuberculosis Salt Rheum, Mismenstruation Whites, Chlorosis, Liver-Complaints, Chronic Headache, Rheumatism, Intermittent Fevers, Pimples on the Face, &c*

In cases of GENERAL DEBILITY, whether the result of acute disease, or of the continued diminution of nervous and muscular energy from chronic complaints, one trial of this restorative has proved itself so successful as to render any description nor written attestation would render credible. Invalids so long bed ridden as to have become forgotten in their own neighborhoods have suddenly re-appeared in the busy world as if just returned from protracted travel in a distant land. Some very signal instances of this kind are attested of female Sufferers, emaciated victims of apparent marasmus, sanguineous exhaustion, critical changes, and that complication of nervous and dyspeptic aversion to air and exercise for which the physician has no name.

In NERVOUS AFFECTIONS of all kinds, and for persons feudlike to medical men, the action of this preparation of iron must necessarily be salutary, for unlike the old oxides, it is vigorously tonic, without being exciting and overheating; and gently, regularly aperient, in the most obstinate cases of costiveness without ever being a gastric purgative, or inducing a disagreeable sensation.

It is this property, among others, which makes it so remarkably effectual and permanent a remedy for PILES, upon which it also appears to exert a distinct and specific action, by dispersing the local tendency which forms them.

In DYSENTERY, innumerable as are its causes, a single box of these Chalybeate Pills has often sufficed for the most inhabitual cases, including the attendant COSTIVENESS.

In unchecked DIARRHŒA, even when advanced in DYSENTARY, confirmed emaciating, and apparently malignant, the effects have been equally decisive and astonishing.

In the local pains, loss of flesh and strength, debilitating cough, and remittent fever which generally indicate TUBERCULOUS CONSUMPTION, this remedy has allayed the alarm of friends and physicians, in several very gratifying and interesting instances.

The Sesquichloride TERRICHLORIS, this medicated iron has had far more than the good effect of the most cautiously balanced preparations of iodine, without any of their well known liabilities.

The attention of females cannot be too confidently invited to this REMEDY and RESTORATIVE, in the cases peculiarly affecting them.

In RHEUMATISM, both chronic and inflamatory—in the latter, however, more decidedly—it has been invariably well reported, both in alleviating pain and reducing the swellings and stiffness of the joints and muscles.

In INTERMITTENT FEVERS it must necessarily be a great remedy and energetic restorative, and its progress in the new settlements of the West, will probably be one of high renown and usefulness.

No remedy has ever been discovered in the whole history of medicine, which exherts such prompt, happy, and full restorative effects—Good appetite, complete digestion, rapid acquisition of strength, with unusual disposition for active and external exercise, immediately follow its use.

Put up in neat flat metal boxes containing 50 pills, price 50 cents per box: for sale by druggists and dealers. Will be sent free to any address on receipt of the price. All letters, orders, etc., should be addressed to.

R. H. LOCKE & Co., General Agent
48. 1y. 29 CEDAR St., N. Y.

The Bethel Courier::: A Home Paper.

## Selected Poetry.

### Faith.

How oft, when life looks drear,
In darksome colors clad,
Trembling with grief and fear,
Spiritless and sad,
While in clouds we dwell
Father help us to exclaim,
He doeth all things well,
O! blessed be his name.

Sad and sick thus tossed,
Storms assailing me;
Hope her anchor lost
In life's stormy sea,
Still while tear drops fell,
Faith sweetly sang the same,
He doeth all things well,
Blessed be his name.

When in death I'll lie,
Father, they spirit send,
Give me grace to die
When my heart-throbs rend.
Then, earth, to thee farewell,
Dying I'll exclaim,
He doeth all things well,
O! blessed be his name.

Jos. J. Hattingor

### A Song for Annie.

Blow softly, gentle breezes,
Till ye this message tell—
That Annie is my darling,
The one I love so well.
And then, oh! gentle breezes,
Speed swiftly back to me,
And whisper to me softly
If Annie, too, loves me.

Her hair is like the sunbeam,
Her eyes like stars are bright;
I would that on my pathway
They'd beam with loving light;
No monarch then I'd envy,
No king upon his throne
Would be as I so happy,
If Annie were my own!

Go tell her that I love her,
Ye gentle breezes, go;
But breathe your message softly,
For no one else must know.
So, tell her every feeling,
Each thought is all her own;
That in my faithful bosom
Her image reigns alone!

Emily B. Carroll.

## Agricultural.

From the New England Farmer.

### Maple Sugar Making—How to Construct an Arch.

Mr. Editor:—As it may possibly interest some of your readers, I will, with your permission, give a description of the sugar-arch of Mr. Wm. E. Toby, of this town.

It is built of the right length and breadth for the pans to the height of about two feet; the back end is built open, the same as the sides, the chimney being upon the left hand front corner; then through the middle of the arch lengthwise is laid a tier of brick as high as the sides, and extending from the end to within one foot and a half of the back end, the left hand half of the front being bricked up. In the half of the arch next the chimney, stones are laid so as to throw the blaze against the bottom of the pans as much as possible.

Now I think every one must see where lies the peculiar excellence of this arch. It is the saving of wood, which is getting to be a very desirable object in most sections. It takes less wood to boil the same amount of sap, because the heat, instead of going directly into the chimney and perhaps blazing from the top, as I have seen it in chimneys of good height, is obliged to travel back under the pan, consequently but little of it gets into the chimney.

It would perhaps be well to place the division wall nearer the side upon which the chimney is, so as to allow the introduction of larger wood. I recollect seeing in the *Farmer*, some two or three years ago, some hints on sugar-making, and among other things the writer advised the use of old-fashioned tubs, larger at the bottoms, upon the plea that they excluded many leaves, pieces of bark, &c., from the sap. Now as you value your future happiness, do not follow the suggestion. I will admit that they exclude a few (and only a few) leaves, but what unhandy things to have around, when you come to stow them away: if you have a large sugar-place, you must necessarily do as the boy said his folks did with their hay, "stack what you can out doors, and put the rest in the barn."

One thing more. If you can conveniently have your sap-holder higher than the top of the arch, buy a few feet of gas pipe, pass it through the chimney, making a coil or two inside; connect one end of it with the holder, which can be done with lead pipe, bring the other end of it over the pan and put a stop-cock upon it to regulate the flow of sap. Then the sap comes into the pan already warmed, and does not check the boiling as when a bucket full of cold sap is poured in.

Finally, build your arch after the above plan, have good wood, and my word for it, you will see the sugar "coming up into a charming brownness," and not so very brown either, if you will only strain your sap and keep all milk, eggs, saleratus, &c., out of it. James Toby.

*Colais, Vt., Nov. 26, 1860.*

Cure for Lockjaw. When any one runs a nail or sharp iron into any part of the body, take a common smoke pipe, light it well after filling with tobacco, then place a cloth or silk handkerchief over the bowl, and blow the smoke through the stem into the wound. Two or three pipefuls will be sufficient to set the wound discharging. Sure cure.

Kitchen Odors. A skillful housekeeper says that the unpleasant odor arising from boiling ham, cabbages, &c., is completely corrected by throwing whole red peppers into the pot—at the same time that the flavor of the food is improved. It is said that pieces of charcoal will produce the same effect.

Stuffing for Poultry. Take one pound of clear fat pork, chopped fine; one or two eggs; one cup of flour, and one pint of milk or water. Put in sage, pepper, and salt to suit your taste.

☞ Select the largest apples; scoop out the core without cutting quite through; fill the hollow with butter and fine, soft sugar; let them roast in a slow oven and serve up with syrup.

To Remove Rust from Furniture. Rust may be removed by first rubbing oil well into the article, and in forty-eight hours, cover it with finely powdered lime; rub it well and the rust will disappear.

Shoeing Horses for Winter Travel. N. P. Willis, of the *Home Journal*, in one of his recent Idlewild Letters, says: "You will have discovered, of course, that you cannot have uninterrupted winter riding with a horse shod in the ordinary way. The sharp points of frozen mud will wound the frog of the foot, and with the snow on the ground, the hollow hoof soon collects a hard ball, which makes the footing very insecure. But these evils are remedied by a piece of sole leather nailed on under the shoe—a protection to the hoof which makes a surprising difference in the confidence and sure-footedness of the animal's step."

To Clean Ribbons. I will give you a recipe which I have tried and know to be good. Take 1 tablespoonful of brandy: 1 do. of soft soap; 1 do. of molasses—mix thoroughly together, place your ribbon upon a smooth board and apply your liquid with a soft brush, after which rinse in cold rain water: then roll up in a cloth until nearly dry: iron with a flat not too hot. If you will only try it, you will find your ribbons as bright as new.

Burns.—The Gazette Medicate of France, says that, by an accident, charcoal has been discovered to be a cure for burns. By laying a piece of cold charcoal upon a burn, the pain subsides immediately. By leaving the charcoal on one hour, the wound is healed, as has been demonstrated on several occasions. The remedy is cheap and simple, and deserves a trial.

☞ The following account of the English fisherman, is a good one. A friend late on Saturday afternoon hailed him as he was skillfully "essaying the wiley fisher's art," for trout: Hollow, there! Got anything? "Got anything! of course not: I only came here last Wednesday!" was the reply, as the patient angler once more cast his patent fly.

☞ To be too much with bad men and in bad places is not only unwholesome to a man's morality, but unfavorable to his faith and trust in God. It is not every man who could live as Lot did in Sodom, and then be fit to go out of it under God's convoy.

☞ When the Irishman first tried peaches, he said he liked their flavor, but the seeds lay hard in his stomach.

☞ A wise man may be pinched by poverty but only a fool will let himself be pinched by tight shoes.

☞ To keep apples from rotting—place them in a dry cellar with a family of children.

☞ Very few practice charity; but almost everybody seems to think he can afford to give it a good word.

☞ The man lacks moral courage who treats when he should retreat.

☞ A torn jacket is soon mended; but hard words bruise the heart of a child.

☞ As turning the logs will make a dull fire burn, so change of studies a dull brain.

☞ He who excuses, not unfrequently accuses himself.

☞ During all his campaigns, the Duke of Wellington never lost a gun.


## SEVEN YEARS!

The seven years of unrivalled success attending the

**"Cosmopolitan Art Association,"**

have made it a household word throughout every quarter of the country.

Under the auspices of this popular Institution, over three hundred thousand homes have learned to appreciate—by beautiful works of art on their walls, and choice literature on their tables, the great benefits derived from becoming a subscriber.

Subscriptions are now being received in a ratio unparalleled with that of any previous year.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.**

Any person can become a member by subscribing three dollars, for which sum they will receive

1st—**The large and superb steel engraving, 30 x 25 inches, entitled,**

"*Falstaff Mustering his Recruits,*"

2d—One copy, one year, of that elegantly illustrated magazine,

"*The Cosmopolitan Art Journal,*"

3d—Four admissions, during the season, to

"*The Gallery of Paintings, 548 Broadway, New York.*"

In addition to the above benefits, there will be given to subscribers, as gratuitous premiums, over

**FIVE HUNDRED BEAUTIFUL WORKS OF ART,**

comprising valuable paintings, marbles, parians, outlines, &c., forming a truly national benefit.

The Superb Engraving, which every subscriber will receive, entitled, "Falstaff Mustering his Recruits," is one of the most beautiful and popular engravings ever issued in this country. It is done on steel, in fine line and stipple, and is printed on heavy plate paper, 30 by 25 inches, making a most choice ornament, suitable for the walls of either the library, parlor or office. Its subject is the celebrated scene of Sir John Falstaff receiving in Justice Shallow's office the recruits which have been gathered for his "ragged regiment." It could not be furnished by the trade for less than five dollars.

The Art Journal is too well known to the whole country to need commendation. It is a magnificently illustrated magazine of Art, containing Essays, Stories, Poems, Gossip, &c., by the very best writers in America.

The Engraving is sent to any part of the country by mail, with safety, being packed in a cylinder, postage prepaid.

Subscriptions will be received until the Evening of the 31st of January, 1861, at which time the books will close, and the premiums be given to subscribers.

No person is restricted to a single subscription. Those remitting $15, are entitled to five embellishments and to one extra Engraving for their trouble.

Subscriptions from California, the Canadas, and all Foreign Countries, must be $4.50 instead of $3, in order to defray extra postage.

For further particulars send for a copy of the elegantly illustrated Art Journal, pronounced the handsomest magazine in America. It contains a Catalogue of Premiums, and numerous superb engravings. Regular price, 50 cents per number. Specimen copies, however, will be sent to those wishing to subscribe, on receipt of 18 cents, in stamps or coin.

Address,

**C. L. DERBY, Actuary C. A. A., 548 Broadway, New York.**

*N. B.—Subscriptions received and forwarded by* **S. F. GIBSON, Esq.**, *agent for Bethel, and vicinity, where specimen Engravings and Art Journal can be seen. Also, subscriptions received at the Courier Office.*

**A Safe and Speedy Remedy**

FOR

*Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis,*
*Colds, Hoarseness, Hoarseness*
*Croup, Sore Throat, Influenza,*

and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

The match less success and unprecedented popularity which this remedy has attained in one short year, would seem to be sufficient guaranty of its excellency. If any one doubts it let him give it one trial.

READ THE FOLLOWING:

Having had the agency of Week's Magic Compound for some time past, and having sold a large quantity of it, we are free to say that we have never sold any medicine that gave such universal satisfaction. We do not know of a single instance in which it has not given the best satisfaction when it has been used.

C. Longfellow, Machias.
O. S. Goodrich, Cherryfield.
L. H. Nickson, Harrington.

Machias, Aug. 2, 1860.

July, 1860.

We the undersigned having used Week's Magic Compound over two and in our families, and having seen its effects among our neighbors, we hereby certify that we have never found its equal as a remedy for Coughs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and other diseases of the Throat and Lungs, and we cheerfully recommend it to the public as worthy of the greatest confidence.

Henry Richardson, Judge Orleans Co. Court, Vt.
Dayton Cobb, do do
John Walbridge, late do do
N. W. Bingham, County Clerk, do
Marshall Carpenter, Probate Judge, Orleans Co
T. C. Miles, Sheriff of do
H. C. Wilson, States Attorney of do
J. E. Dickerman, (late) do do
I. N. Cushman, Cashier of Bank of Orleans, Vt.

☞ Certificates like the above are being received daily, speaking in its praise.

*A single trial will satisfy all, of the truth of the above.*

Manufactured and sold by E. B. Mason and Co., St. Johnsbury, Vt., to whom all orders should be addressed.

General Agents:—M. S. Burr and Co., 36 Tremont St., and Geo. C. Goodwin and Co., 11 and 12 Marshall St., Boston.

Sold in Bethel by C. and O. H. Mason, F. S. Chandler, I. C. Kimball, John Harris and J. S. Abbott. 1y39

BETHEL

## MARBLE YARD!!

THE SUBSCRIBER would say to his friends and all others who may be in want of

*Monuments, Gravestones, Tables, &c.,*

that he is prepared to furnish any article of Marble Work in as good style and at as low prices as at any place in the State.

C. M. WORMELL.

Bethel, April 6, 1860.

CYRUS M. WORMELL,
**AUCTIONEER**
BETHEL, ME.

## MANHOOD.

### HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.

*Just Published in a Sealed Envelope*

ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT AND radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and involuntary Emissions, inducing Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

By ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M.D.,

*Author of "The Green Book," &c.*

The important fact that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without internal medicines or the dangerous applications of caustics, instruments, medicated bougies, and other empirical devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and the entirely new and highly successful treatment, as adopted by the celebrated author fully explained, by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 186 First Avenue, New York, Post Box 4586. 1y16

## Health and Happiness Secured!

THE CONCENTRATED CURE
THE CONCENTRATED CURE
A POWERFUL REMEDY
A POWERFUL REMEDY
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR WEAKNESS
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
FOR EARLY INDISCRETION
TRY IT! TRY IT!
TRY IT! TRY IT!

**The Concentrated Cure!**

a certain and powerful remedy for weakness of the

**PROCREATIVE ORGANS.**

It is prepared by

*An eminent Physician of this city*

And has long been known here as

*the only remedy*

That would surely and permanently restore to a Natural State of Health and Vigor, persons weakened by excess, or by

*the indiscretions of early youth*

Although not many months has elapsed since it was first generally introduced by means of extensive advertising, it is now nearing a vast number of

**THE UNFORTUNATE;**

Who having been led to

*make a trial of its virtues,*

are rapidly recovering their wonted

HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

This preparation is not a Stimulant, but

**A Purely Medical Remedy.**

The afflicted are invited to try it.

IT WILL SURELY CURE.

Send for a Circular first, read it carefully, and then you will send for the medicine

*Price per Vial, One Dollar.*

Can be sent by mail. One vial will last a month.

K. CRUGER, Agent,
No. 712 Broadway, N. Y.

*A PLEASANT STIMULANT.*

For the Genital Organs can be obtained by sending $5 to the Agent as above.
SENT FREE BY MAIL.

Circulars or medicines can be procured of Druggists Everywhere.

Alden & Co., Agent, Bangor. 1y29

## To Horse Owners.

DR SWEET'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT FOR HORSES is unrivaled by any, in and a cases of Lameness, arising from Sprains, Bruises or Wrenching, its effect is magical and certain Harness or Saddle Galls, Scratches, Mange, &c., it will also cure speedily. Spavin and Ringbone may be easily prevented and cured in their incipient stages, but confirmed cases are beond the possibility of a radical cure. No case of the kind, however, is so desperate or hopeless but it may be alleviated by this Liniment, and its faithful application will always remove the Lameness, and enable the horse to travel with comparative ease.

Every horse owner should have this remedy at hand, for its timely use at the first appearance of lameness will effectually prevent those formidable diseases mentioned, to which all horses are liable, and which render so many otherwise valuable horses nearly worthless.

See advertisement

## ISLAND POND HOTEL

**Island Pond, Vt.**

**Through Trains dine here.**

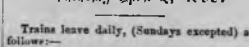
Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the house FREE OF CHARGE.

Stage and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel. G. G. WATERHOUSE,
7 Proprietor.

## G. T. Railroad.

**Portland District.**



## WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing April 2, 1860.

Trains leave daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

Leave Portland for Island Pond and wa Stations, at 7.15, A. M., and 1.15, P. M.

Leave Island Pond for Portland, at 7.30, A M., and 1.30, P. M.

Leave Bethel for Portland, at 10. 30, A. M

Leave Bethel for Island Pond, at 4.30, P M.

tf S. T. CORSER, Superintendent.

## CAN'T FIND IT!

Except at J. S. Abbott's, the great Bazaar for Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Toys, Fancy Goods, Stationery, Fishing Tackle, Medicines, Gun Flints, Smoking Pipes, and anything that you can't find anywhere else, in his line. Bethel Hill.

## "COURIER" JOB PRINTING

ESTABLISHMENT,

Chapman's Block, - - - BETHEL, ME.

**J. ALDEN SMITH, Proprietor.**

HAVING recently purchased the "Courier" office and removed it to new and commodious rooms in Chapman's new brick building, opposite the Common, and re-fitted and furnished it with a large assortment of

## NEW TYPES,

*Borders, Engravings, Rules, &c.*

and having a new Power Press, one of Ruggles' celebrated

**Fast Job Presses,**

and a Yankee Card Press, we are prepared to fill orders for all kinds of Job Printing, with the greatest expedition, and in a style surpassed by none. Orders solicited for every description of Plain and Ornamental Job Printing, such as

**POSTERS, PROGRAMMES,**

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BUSINESS, ADDRESS & WEDDING

## CARDS,

**LABELS, ENVELOPES, TICKETS,**

TAGS, SIGNS, &c.

Particular attention paid to

BRONZE & CRYSTAL PRINTING!

—AND—

## PRINTING IN COLORS,

such as Bronzed Labels, Gilt Signs, Colored Show Cards, Posters &c.

☞ By giving strict personal attention to all work entrusted to us, and prompt and honorable dealing, we hope to merit and receive a share of the public patronage.

Bethel, Nov. 30th, 1860.

**A Novelty in the Art World.**

## PHOTOGRAPH : PORCELAIN.

Secured by letters patent in the U. States, England, France and Belgium.

The Imp. Photographic Porcelain Comp'y No. 781 Broadway, N. York, having secured the control and ownership of the invention by American and European patents, are fully prepared to execute all orders for

**MINIATURE LIKENESSES OF PERSONS OR CHILDREN,**

presenting all the attractive and advantageous features of ordinary photographs, the brilliancy and finish of a water-color drawing, and a hitherto unattained quality of durability, by being rendered as imperishable as the natural properties of the articles upon which they are transferred.

As the patented process of the Company enables the reproduction of Photographs, not only on plain surfaces, but upon such as are round, or of any degree of irregularity—portraits can be reproduced with faithless accuracy and delicacy of delineation, upon Porcelain vases of any description and dimension used as articles of luxury or of household utility, such as

**Urns, Vases, Breakfast Cups, Toilet Ar't's**

&c., thereby securing faithful portraits and furnishing a unique and exquisite style of ornamentation of articles in domestic use.

In order to furnish facilities for the gratification of the popular taste, and to meet the wants of those patrons of the fine arts desirous of having Portraits on Porcelain, the Company have imported from Europe a collection of superior porcelain goods, manufactured for their own order, which they sell at cost prices.

As the Am. Co. are owners of the patent right and consequently the only persons authorized to use the process, they have determined, in order to afford people in every section of the union an opportunity to possess

**PORTRAITS ON CHINA**

to make the following proposition to residents in the country, who are unable to visit personally the Atelier and Galleries in New York.

Persons sending a photograph, ambrotype, or daguerreotype to the office of the Company in N. York, accompanied by Five Dollars, will receive in return by express, five of other charge,

**A Richly Ornamented Breakfast Cup & Saucer, with the Portrait Transferred**

thereon. By transmitting a daguerreotype and Ten Dollars, they will secure in like manner,

**A nice French Vase or Toilet Article,**

with the portrait reproduced by the patented process. By sending a pair of daguerreotypes and Fifteen Dollars, they will receive in return

**A PAIR OF RICH SEVRES VASES,**

with the portraits executed equal to miniature paintings; and, in like manner, portraits can be reproduced on porcelain vases of

**Vases of every Quality of Finish,**

ranging in price from

**Twenty to One Hundred Dollars or Pair.**

N. B.—Be particular in writing the address, town, county and state distinctly.

All letters to be addressed to

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3mo6 781 Broadway, New York.

## AMBROTYPES!

THE SUBSCRIBER would most respectfully inform the inhabitants of Bethel and vicinity that he has Rooms, (formerly occupied by J. E. Small,) on Main Street, where he is now ready to furnish each and every one with

**GOOD LIKENESSES,**

**For 25 Cents**

and upwards, with

*Perfect Satisfaction, or no Sale.*

Call and Examine Specimens.

D. S. MITCHELL.

August 2, 1860. Artist.

tf36

## PATNET MEDICINES

and Perfumery of most kinds. Pure Bear' Oil, and other Oils at ABBOTT'S, Bethel Hill

JAMES E. AYER, agent for Mitchill Medicines
TOBACCO. 1

## MISCELLANEOUS

The Amalgamation of Languages.—There is a growing tendancy in this age to appropriate the most expressive words of other languages, and after a while to incorporate them into our own; thus the word Cephalic, which is from the Greek, signifying "for the head," is now becoming popularized in connection with Mr. Spaulding's great Headache remedy, but it will soon be used in a more general way, and the word Cephalic will become as common as Electrotype and many others whose distinction as foreign words has been worn away by common usage until they seem "native and to the manor born."

**'ardly Realized.**

Hi ad 'e 'orrible 'eadache this hafternoon, hand I stepped into the hapothecaries hand says hi to the man, "Can you lose me of an 'eadache?" "Does it hache 'ard," says he. "Hexcedingly," says hi, hand hassure that 'e gave me a Cephalic Pill, hand 'pon me honor it cured me so quick that I 'ardly realized I 'ad an 'eadache.

☞ Hurrying is the favorite sign by which nature makes known any deviation whatever from the natural state of the brain, and viewed in this light it may be looked on as a safe guard intended to give notice of disease which might otherwise escape attention, till too late to be remedied; and its indications should never be neglected. Headaches may be classified under two names, viz: Symptomatic and Idiopathic. Symptomatic Headache is exceedingly common and is the precursor of a great variety of diseases, among which are Apoplexy, Gout, Rheumatism and all febrile diseases. In its nervous form it is sympathetic of disease of the stomach constituting sick headache, of hepatic diseases constituting bilious headache, of worms, constipation and other disorders of the bowels, as well as renal and uterine affections. Diseases of the heart are very frequently attended with Headaches; Anæmia and plethora are also affections which frequently occasion headache. Idiopathic Headache is also very common, being usually distinguished by the name of nervous headache, sometimes coming on suddenly in a state of apparently sound health and prostrating at once the mental and physical energies, and in other instances it comes on slowly, heralded by depression of spirits or acerbity of temper. In most instances the pain is in the front of the head, over one or both eyes, and sometimes provoking vomiting; under this class may also be named Neuralgia.

For the treatment of either class of Headache the Cephalic Pills have been found a sure and safe remedy, relieving the most acute pain in a few minutes, and by its subtle power eradicating the diseases of which Headache is the unerring index.

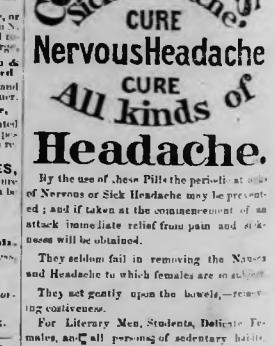
Bridget.—Mose wants you to send her a box of Cephalic Glue, no, a bottle of Prepared Pills,—but I'm thinking that's not just it neither; but perhaps ye'll be s'ther knowing what it is. Ye see she's nigh deaf and gone with the Sick headache, and wants some more of that same as relaived her before.

Dinsmore.—You must mean Spaulding's Cephalic Pills.

Bridget.—Ochs! sure now and you're red it, here's the quarther and giv me the Pills and don't be all day about it aither.

☞ Over excitement, and the mental care and anxiety incident to close attention to business or study, are among the numerous causes of Nervous Headache. The disordered state of mind and body incident to this distressing complaint is a fatal blow to all energy and ambition. Sufferers by this disorder can always obtain speedy relief from these distressing attacks by using one of the Cephalic Pills whenever the symptoms appear. It quiets the overtasked brain, and soothes the strained and jarring nerves, and relaxes the tension of the stomach which always accompanies and aggravates the disordered condition of the brain

Fact worth knowing.—Spaulding's Cephalic Pills are a certain cure for Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Nervous Headache and Costiveness and General Debility.




By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject.

They act gently upon the bowels, removing costiveness.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits they are valuable as a Laxative, imparting the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!

The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spaulding on each Box.

Sold by Druggists and all other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the

**PRICE 25 CENTS.**

All orders should be addressed to

**HENRY C. SPAULDING,**
1y49 **48 Cedar Street, New York.**



The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family

VOL. 3.

The Bethel Courier.

Published every Friday morning, office in Chapman's Block, Bethel Hill, Me.

J. ALDEN SMITH, - - - Proprietor.
N. T. TRUE, Editor.

TERMS.

One copy one year, in advance - - - $1.00
One copy six months, - - - 50
☞ If payment is delayed after the expiration of 3 months 25 cents additional will be charged till the close of the year, $1.50.

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1 Square of 16 lines of this type, 1 week $1.00
" " " 3 months, 2.00
" " " 1 month, 3.00
" " " 3 months, 5.00
" " " 1 year, 8.00
1 Column one year, 16 lines, 6 months, 30.00
" 3 months, 20.00
" 1 month, 12.00
12 column one year, 16 lines, 6 months, 20.00
3 months, 13.00
1 month, 8.00

Special Notices 25 per cent added to these rates.

☞ Courier Ads. must be paid for in advance.

☞ Advertisements sent without specifications will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

☞ Yearly advertisers will be allowed to change their matter once a quarter without additional charge.

☞ Transient advertisements must be paid for at the rate of a square for each insertion and any number less than a square will count as a square.

☞ Job Printing must be paid for on delivery of the work.

AGENTS:

S. R. Niles, Newspaper Advt's Agent, No. 3, Scollay's Building, Court St., Boston.

S. M. Pettengill and Co., No. 10 State St., Boston, and 119 Nassau St., New York.

Mason House, Bethel Hill.

☞ No paper discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

JOB PRINTING!

of all kinds, executed with neatness and dispatch at the office of the Courier.

Business Cards.

BETHEL HOUSE
BETHEL HILL, Me.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform the public that he has recently purchased this well-known House, and is prepared to accommodate the traveling generality with good board and lodgings at reasonable terms.

The above House has within the last three months been thoroughly remodeled and refitted, and commands from online to settle with new furniture, and is a most desirable house for travelers for business or pleasure.

☞ A carriage in constant attendance at the Depot for the conveyance of passengers

WM. F. LOVEJOY.

☞ Horses and Carriages to let.

DR. CHAS. C. BARKER,
Surgical and Mechanical
DENTIST,
Main St., BETHEL, Me.
All operations performed with skill and care.

A. DAVIS & CO.
Dealers in
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps,
BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,
Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery,
PAINTS, OILS &c.
1y49 BETHEL HILL, ME.

AMERICAN HOUSE,
D. G. MANN, - - - Proprietor.
RUMFORD CORNER, ME.

A. L. BURBANK,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT
BETHEL, ME.

J. G. RICH,
HUNTER, TRAPPER,
And Guide.
Letter B, Oxford Co., Me.

E. B. GODDARD,
CABINET MAKER
BETHEL HILL, Me.
☞ Coffins manufactured to order

P. H. McCLOSKEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
SWIFT'S BLOCK,
BETHEL HILL, Me.

D. HAMMONS,
Counsellor at Law,
BETHEL, ME.
☞ Office in Chapman's Brick Block.

H. F. BLANCHARD,
Counsellor & Attorney at Law
RUMFORD POINT.
Office Oxford County, Me.

R. A. FRYE,
Counsellor & Attorney at Law,
BETHEL HILL, Me.

O'N. W. ROBINSON, Jr.,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law
BETHEL HILL, Me.

MT. ZION HOUSE,
At the Mineral Springs,
D. D. W. ABBOTT, Proprietor.